

Take
back
back
burbs

Sure, city dwellers have embraced biking as a convenient way to get around. But the next bike wave is brewing where most of us live

A CASE STUDY THE GLENDALE EXPERIMENT Change starts small, perhaps even with what's already sitting in your garage BY DAN KOEPPEL

The decision Kara Sergile made two years ago wasn't meant to be significant. Staring at the dusty mountain bike tucked in the back of a storage room behind her garage—the bike's tires were flat; it hadn't been used in more than a decade—all she really wanted to do was fulfill a simple request from her two grade-school-age daughters. "They were asking to learn how to ride bikes," says Kara, 48, of Glendale, California. "So I thought, I'd better get back onto mine."

She'd bought it way back, as a completing-grad-school present; she and her husband, Yves, had ridden a little bit, but mostly on nearby bike paths. She had never considered biking on the street because car congestion and speed made it seem unsafe. "When people talked about wanting to do that," she recalls, "I thought they were crazy."

In fact, what's nuts is that 40 percent of all trips Americans take are 2 miles or less, according to the most recent National Household Travel Survey. Yet only 2 percent of these short trips are accomplished on a bicycle. It's easy to assume why: Go beyond the limits of bike-centric major cities like Portland, Denver, San Francisco, and even Los Angeles, and the suburbs sprawl. Malls, six-lane boulevards, and high-speed traffic make even otherwisequiet neighborhoods seem inhospitable. Glendale, 9 miles north of downtown L.A., has a particularly scary distinction that would intimidate almost anyone contemplating getting around without a car: one of the highest injury and fatality rates in the state for pedestrian and bike accidents involving vehicles.

Yet places like Glendale—even amid the cars and traffic and especially the skepticism—have potential to be ideal bike towns if you look closely. Off-street bike and pedestrian paths flank the city, including the popular L.A. River path to Griffith Park. In town, coffeehouses, theaters, restaurants, and shops—some of which have bike racks out front—are short, doable distances away. More impressive: The recently built Americana at Brand shopping mall offers free valet bike parking to patrons.

Little trips matter

Kara started with basic runs around the block. One of the first things she noticed was how nice it was to begin right from her front door. "There was no putting the bike onto the car and having to drive somewhere," she says. The no-hassle approach made those early excursions feel more carefree, fun. "It reminded me of being a kid," she says. As Kara began exploring beyond her neighborhood, she recruited Yves to join her. Seeing Mom and Dad pedaling excited the kids, and when their youngest daughter, Sarah, turned 5—Genevieve was 7—it was time for lessons. First, around the corner, then on the annual Los Angeles River Ride, an easy, family-friendly roll along a smooth, breezy bike path with great scenery. Later, they took their bikes on a summer camping trip to Yosemite National Park. "We pedaled all over the valley," Kara says. One key accessory: a trailer for Yves' bike, allowing quick runs to the park's grocery store from the Upper Pines Campground. "We never

had to get into our car. It made the whole thing so much more relaxing."

As Kara was expanding her biking world, Glendale was doing its own transportation soul-searching. In addition to being a dangerous place for pedestrians and bikers, the city is hazardous for drivers, who are 80 percent more likely to be in a traffic accident than the average American. "We needed to slow down cars," says former Glendale mayor and current council member Laura Friedman, "and even reduce the number of them." She proposed a bicycle plan last year that centered around accommodating shorter trips by bike. This meant creating streets where traffic was

slowed by features like roundabouts, decreasing the number of traffic lanes on some thoroughfares, and encouraging families to bike together with programs like Safe Routes to School.

When Kara heard about Safe Routes, she signed her family up. But that wasn't enough. By now, making streets safer had become a mission for her, so she appealed to neighbors to join, positioning biking as totally normal, not hard-core. "To a lot of people, the traditional cyclist can appear cultish or extreme," she says. "I'm a middle-aged woman with little kids. I'm not wearing spandex or shoes with clips."

It worked. Kara and her girls and a dozen kids with their parents slowly paraded down the sidewalks, watching out for one another at driveways and intersections, ending at their elementary school. And it didn't stop there. Today, a bike rack at the school is often full, while it used to hold just one or two lonely two-wheelers each day. Some Fridays, Kara participates in a "bike train" through her neighborhood. One dad and child start at their house, and families join the caravan en route. It's hard to imagine a better morning commute, she says, one free of stress and traffic jams, one you actually look forward to.

Changing the streets

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-KARA SERGILE

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Kara's biking transformation is becoming Glendale's transformation. Later this month, the city will try paring back Honolulu Avenue—a wide, speedwaylike boulevard—from four lanes to three, and bike lanes will be added. On nearby streets, the city has painted special markers called "sharrows" (shared-use arrows) designed to let bikers and motorists know

that they should share the street. This is just the beginning of a

homegrown movement that, if successful, could make Glendale a template for the nationwide suburban metamorphosis that Andy Clarke, president of the League of American Bicyclists, calls biking's "biggest challenge and final frontier." As with many biking trends, this one is gaining steam in the West, where attitude and geography often favor change. Clarke adds that many suburban towns in the West were so overbuilt in the first place that they have space to slim down streets in favor of bike lanes.

Public will appears to be on the side of making burbs more bikeable:

According to a recent Bureau of Transportation Statistics study, 77 percent of suburban residents say that bike lanes are important to them, compared with just 55 percent of city dwellers.

Former Glendale mayor Friedman says that biking in the suburbs happens on a smaller scale than in a big city, an advantage because traffic calming projects can be easier to achieve. "The focus here isn't on long commutes," she says. "Instead, we look at where people want to go: the post office, the corner store, the library. It becomes pretty easy to see yourself doing that on a bike."

Today, Kara bikes with her kids to school, or sometimes to breakfast or lunch on weekends, but more than her routine has changed. "I liken this to a midlife crisis of sorts," she says. Instead of a sports car, she just bought a new Globe Daily 2 bicycle to replace her old mountain bike. But Kara's big picture has changed too. "I've found ways to add more value to my own life and the lives of my family, and to help my community," she says. "It has evolved into a lifestyle, not just a hobby."



IS BIKING SAFE?

Fear of traffic is one of the top reasons people don't bike. But, statistically, biking is safer than driving, and wearing a helmet makes it even more so. Here are the annual odds of fatalities for common activities, according to the most recent stats. -AISLYN GREENE

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MOTORCYCLING 1/6,141	DRIVING 1/11,883	WORKING 1/30,735	BIKING (ALL) 1/68,673	WALKING 1/75,026	SWIMMING 1/87,357	BIKING WITH HELMET 1/342,847	FLYING 1/1,476,136	RIDING A TRAIN 1/216,475,677

Sources: Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Consumer Reports, Federal Railroad Administration, Insurance Institute for Highway Safety, Motorcycle Industry Council, National Transportation Safety Board, the Outdoor Foundation, U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Transportation



We developed this list from the nonprofit League of American Bicyclists' award program. It's easy to sing the praises of the West's bike-centric college towns (Boulder, Davis), so we chose instead to focus on communities without an obvious bikeready population that are making it easy for people to ride to shops, restaurants, work, and more. Each of these towns recently received a gold, silver, or bronze award from the League based on bike-friendly infrastructure, education, and progressive city planning. No, Glendale hasn't made the list ... yet.

GOLD

» GREEN VALLEY, AZ

25 miles from Tucson Part of bike haven Pima County, where the local police actively advocate motorist and cyclist equality, Green Valley is the latest community in the county to double its bike lane miles (from 30 to 60) in the last five years. **»** SCOTTSDALE, AZ

12 miles from Phoenix Talk about door-to-door service: A whopping 75 percent of homes here are within a halfmile of a bike path or lane.

SILVER

» REDMOND, WA 15 miles from Seattle The city offers residents a \$50 Amazon gift card for logging 50 non-car commutes on its trip resource website (gortrip.com). Neighborhood tech giant Microsoft also offers incentives to pedal for its 40,000+ employees.

BRONZE

» ARVADA, CO 8 miles from Denver Eleven major off-street routes make up this city's bicycle



GET STARTED THE GEAR YOU NEED What to look for in a bike, and how to use it all

BY LOREN MOONEY

THE BIKE

Electra Ticino 8-speed \$850; electrabikes.com **1 REAR RACK** Front baskets are cute, but loading them down can affect steering. Rear racks can allow more carefree riding. **SEAT** Myth exposed: Puffy gel seats aren't easier on your rear, just more jiggly. Firm ones are best, ideally

contoured with what. in bikespeak, is called a "comfort channel."

Yep, you get the idea.

EASY UPRIGHT

POSITION A good

everyday bike places

the rider in an upright,

confidence-inspiring

position. The handle-

bars should be higher

"step-through" bike,

like this one, has a

sloped top bar for

even easier on/off.

than the seat. A

pedals. You're just going to the store, or lunch. Ride as you are, whether in heels or flip-flops. GEARS You'll want at least 3, or downhills will feel like spin

G FLAT PEDALS No

need for fancy bike

class and uphills like torture. Seven or 8 is ideal (this bike has 8). Twenty or more? Overkill unless you're scaling mountains.

WIDE-ISH TIRES Bigger tires (1¹/₃ to 2

3

in. wide) feel more stable than the skinny ones used by the spandex nation. But fat tires with knobs just slow you down. Go for smooth tread.

THE HELMET

Styles continue to evolve, thank goodness. The lightweight Giro Reverb (\$60; giro.com) has a Roller

THE LIGHTS

Derby/Speed Racer

fit system, and a

that kid-on-a-

look, a simple stretchy

removable visor. For

skateboard look, try

a Nutcase Street

helmet (\$60; nutcase

helmets.com). Turn the

strap buckle is practi-

back dial to fit. The

snazzy magnetic

cally automatic.

There are cute, colorful lights out there forget them. Planet Bike's ½-watt Blaze headlight and Super-Flash rear light (\$55 for both; planetbike.com) keep you visible better than any others.





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THE LOCK

For quick stops in lowcrime areas, a keyoperated coiled cable lock like the **OnGuard** Doberman (\$25; rei. com) will do. Longer stops on shadier streets? Go with a U-lock (not shown)



10 BEST BURBS FOR BIKING <u> Aillion-dollar bridg</u>es, cash incentives, and special parking spots—all for those on two wheels

network, providing easy access to places like Costco (via the Interurban Trail) and many local parks.

» BEAVERTON, OR

8 miles from Portland Within the last decade, ridership here has grown tenfold from 0.33 percent of trips to 3.1 percent. And with Nike HQ in town, there are more than a few Portland residents doing the reverse bike commute for work.

» GRESHAM, OR

16 miles from Portland In the past two years, the city has invested millions in a bike/ pedestrian-only bridge and connecting trail (the Gresham Fairvew Trail bridge over Powell Boulevard).

» LIBERTY LAKE, WA 16 miles from Spokane

One of the fastest-growing communities in the state (it has almost doubled in popula tion over the last decade), Liberty Lake is designating residential streets with low traffic and plenty of room as "bike boulevards"—traffic speed limits on these are 25 mph or lower.

» MOUNTAIN VIEW. CA

13 miles from San Jose The majority of large streets in town have bike lanes. Bike lockers for train commuters and other parking options populate downtown for easy lock-and-shop. And Google, based here, donates to charity when employees ride to work.

» OCEANSIDE, CA

38 miles from San Diego Hats off to this coastal town with its 93 miles of bike lanes and paths, for being the only place south of L.A. to have received a bike-friendly community designation.

» THOUSAND OAKS, CA

39 miles from Los Angeles In 2005, the city committed to a 20-year master plan to link all neighborhoods and key destinations (schools, parks, shopping centers) to one bike system. A 2.5-mile segment is currently in development on the popular Lynn Road between Simi Valley and Newbury Park.

Think your town deserves a bike-friendly stamp of approval? Take the League of American Bicyclists' survey: bit.ly/99vNgO

20 FAVORITE BIKE ROUTES IN THE WEST + TIPS: sunset.com/bikerides